

20903

Table 8.1A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Gender and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	GENDER	
		Male	Female
Total 18 or Older	14,783	5,446	9,337
18	589	250	338
19	487	207	280
20	462	218	244
21	427	171	256
22	419	195	224
23	380	174	206
24	370	129	241
25	329	116	213
26-29	1,077	376	701
30-34	1,771	603	1,168
35-39	1,797	601	1,196
40-44	1,547	464	1,083
45-49	1,425	547	878
50-54	1,219	494	725
55-59	1,024	379	645
60-64	360	181	179
65 or Older	1,101	341	760

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.1B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Gender and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	GENDER	
		Male	Female
Total 18 or Older	7.3	5.6	8.8
18	13.7	11.3	16.2
19	12.5	10.8	14.3
20	12.3	11.5	13.1
21	11.6	9.8	13.3
22	11.4	10.3	12.6
23	10.8	10.0	11.5
24	10.9	7.8	14.0
25	10.0	7.4	12.5
26-29	8.0	5.5	10.5
30-34	9.2	6.7	11.5
35-39	8.2	5.5	11.0
40-44	7.1	4.4	9.5
45-49	7.0	5.4	8.4
50-54	6.4	5.4	7.3
55-59	6.8	5.5	7.9
60-64	3.6	3.7	3.4
65 or Older	3.5	2.5	4.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.2A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Age Group and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	14,783	3,463	7,616	3,704
GENDER				
Male	5,446	1,460	2,590	1,395
Female	9,337	2,003	5,026	2,308
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE				
Not Hispanic	13,434	3,088	7,007	3,339
White Only	11,068	2,462	5,724	2,882
Black Only	1,668	392	844	432
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	142	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	42	*	*	*
Asian Only	310	123	186	*
More Than One Race	204	67	121	*
Hispanic	1,349	375	610	365
ADULT EDUCATION				
< High School	3,325	851	1,240	1,234
High School Graduate	4,922	1,266	2,423	1,233
Some College	4,059	1,038	2,303	718
College Graduate	2,478	307	1,651	519
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT				
Full-Time	6,859	1,611	4,257	991
Part-Time	2,232	855	1,045	332
Unemployed	705	295	312	*
Other ¹	4,987	701	2,002	2,284

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.2B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Age Group and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	7.3	11.7	7.9	4.9
GENDER				
Male	5.6	10.0	5.5	4.0
Female	8.8	13.5	10.1	5.6
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE				
Not Hispanic	7.4	12.3	8.2	4.7
White Only	7.5	12.7	8.4	4.8
Black Only	7.5	10.0	7.5	6.2
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	14.4	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	7.0	*	*	*
Asian Only	4.4	11.3	4.7	*
More Than One Race	13.5	19.5	15.1	*
Hispanic	6.4	8.4	5.3	7.0
ADULT EDUCATION				
< High School	9.7	14.5	10.2	7.5
High School Graduate	7.5	12.1	8.0	4.9
Some College	8.1	10.9	9.2	4.6
College Graduate	4.8	8.6	5.6	2.8
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT				
Full-Time	6.0	10.8	6.0	3.5
Part-Time	8.9	12.0	10.5	4.2
Unemployed	13.1	16.3	12.1	*
Other ¹	8.7	12.4	15.3	6.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.3A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Age Group and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	14,783	3,463	7,616	3,704
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION				
Northeast	2,758	601	1,428	729
New England	729	166	407	157
Middle Atlantic	2,029	434	1,022	573
Midwest	3,335	831	1,811	693
East North Central	2,332	589	1,288	455
West North Central	1,003	242	523	238
South	5,450	1,265	2,785	1,401
South Atlantic	2,725	595	1,403	726
East South Central	1,073	226	508	339
West South Central	1,652	443	873	336
West	3,239	767	1,592	880
Mountain	915	260	467	188
Pacific	2,324	507	1,126	692
COUNTY TYPE				
Large Metro	6,419	1,558	3,381	1,480
Small Metro	5,150	1,190	2,691	1,269
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	3,721	830	1,999	892
<250K Pop.	1,429	360	692	377
Nonmetro	3,213	715	1,544	955
Urbanized	856	238	422	196
Less Urbanized	1,975	424	988	563
Completely Rural	382	53	134	195

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.3B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Age Group and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	AGE GROUP (Years)		
		18-25	26-49	50 or Older
TOTAL	7.3	11.7	7.9	4.9
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION				
Northeast	7.1	12.0	7.6	4.8
New England	7.2	12.9	8.0	4.1
Middle Atlantic	7.1	11.6	7.5	5.1
Midwest	7.2	12.1	8.2	4.0
East North Central	7.1	12.3	8.2	3.7
West North Central	7.3	11.5	8.1	4.5
South	7.6	12.1	8.2	5.2
South Atlantic	7.3	11.8	7.9	5.0
East South Central	8.7	12.3	8.7	7.2
West South Central	7.5	12.3	8.3	4.3
West	7.2	10.8	7.2	5.5
Mountain	7.3	12.6	8.0	4.0
Pacific	7.2	10.1	7.0	6.1
COUNTY TYPE				
Large Metro	6.6	11.4	6.9	4.3
Small Metro	8.2	12.1	9.2	5.3
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	8.0	12.1	9.0	5.1
<250K Pop.	8.8	12.2	9.8	6.1
Nonmetro	7.7	12.0	8.3	5.6
Urbanized	7.1	11.6	7.4	4.5
Less Urbanized	7.8	12.3	8.8	5.3
Completely Rural	8.8	11.2	7.5	9.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.4A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Use of Illicit Drugs: 2001

Drug	ILLICIT DRUG USE	
	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ¹	3,911	10,872
Marijuana and Hashish	2,777	12,006
Cocaine	765	14,018
Crack	311	14,472
Heroin	*	14,682
Hallucinogens	631	14,152
LSD	214	14,569
PCP	*	14,734
Ecstasy	464	14,319
Inhalants	225	14,558
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ²	2,066	12,717
Pain Relievers	1,544	13,239
Tranquilizers	922	13,861
Stimulants	519	14,264
Methamphetamine	354	14,429
Sedatives	*	14,534
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ¹	2,586	12,197

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.4B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Use of Illicit Drugs: 2001

Drug	ILLCIT DRUG USE	
	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ¹	16.6	6.1
Marijuana and Hashish	15.9	6.5
Cocaine	19.9	7.1
Crack	33.0	7.2
Heroin	*	7.3
Hallucinogens	17.3	7.1
LSD	18.5	7.3
PCP	*	7.3
Ecstasy	17.2	7.2
Inhalants	20.7	7.2
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ²	22.4	6.6
Pain Relievers	22.6	6.8
Tranquilizers	28.2	7.0
Stimulants	26.4	7.1
Methamphetamine	31.0	7.2
Sedatives	*	7.2
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ¹	19.9	6.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.5A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Past Year Users of Illicit Drugs Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: 2001

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	23,492	3,911	19,581
Marijuana and Hashish	17,506	2,777	14,728
Cocaine	3,837	765	3,071
Crack	943	311	631
Heroin	406	101	304
Hallucinogens	3,645	631	3,014
LSD	1,158	214	944
PCP	129	49	79
Ecstasy	2,689	464	2,225
Inhalants	1,089	225	863
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ³	9,238	2,066	7,172
Pain Relievers	6,842	1,544	5,298
Tranquilizers	3,265	922	2,343
Stimulants	1,969	519	1,450
Methamphetamine	1,141	354	787
Sedatives	726	249	477
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	13,025	2,586	10,439

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

³ Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.5B Percentages of Past Year Use of Illicit Drugs Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: 2001

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	11.6	26.5	10.5
Marijuana and Hashish	8.7	18.8	7.9
Cocaine	1.9	5.2	1.6
Crack	0.5	2.1	0.3
Heroin	0.2	0.7	0.2
Hallucinogens	1.8	4.3	1.6
LSD	0.6	1.4	0.5
PCP	0.1	0.3	0.0
Ecstasy	1.3	3.1	1.2
Inhalants	0.5	1.5	0.5
Nonmedical Use of Any Psychotherapeutic ³	4.6	14.0	3.8
Pain Relievers	3.4	10.4	2.8
Tranquilizers	1.6	6.2	1.3
Stimulants	1.0	3.5	0.8
Methamphetamine	0.6	2.4	0.4
Sedatives	0.4	1.7	0.3
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	6.4	17.5	5.6

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

³ Nonmedical use of any prescription-type pain reliever, tranquilizer, stimulant, or sedative; does not include over-the-counter drugs.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.6A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year or Past Month Tobacco or Alcohol Use: 2001

Drug	TOBACCO/ALCOHOL USE	
	Yes	No
PAST YEAR		
Any Tobacco ¹	7,968	6,815
Cigarettes	7,402	7,381
Smokeless Tobacco	739	14,044
Cigars	2,173	12,610
Pipes	--	--
Alcohol	10,246	4,537
"Binge" Alcohol Use ²	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	--	--
PAST MONTH		
Any Tobacco ¹	7,112	7,671
Cigarettes	6,641	8,142
Smokeless Tobacco	486	14,297
Cigars	1,130	13,653
Pipes	224	14,559
Alcohol	7,516	7,267
"Binge" Alcohol Use ²	4,024	10,759
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	1,290	13,493

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Use of any tobacco product indicates using at least once cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any tobacco use in the past year does not include use of pipe tobacco.

² "Binge" Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. By "occasion" is meant at the same time or within a couple hours of each other. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also "Binge" Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.6B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year or Past Month Tobacco or Alcohol Use: 2001

Drug	TOBACCO/ALCOHOL USE	
	Yes	No
PAST YEAR		
Any Tobacco ¹	10.9	5.3
Cigarettes	12.2	5.2
Smokeless Tobacco	8.4	7.3
Cigars	10.1	7.0
Pipes	--	--
Alcohol	7.6	6.8
"Binge" Alcohol Use ²	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	--	--
PAST MONTH		
Any Tobacco ¹	11.3	5.5
Cigarettes	12.5	5.5
Smokeless Tobacco	7.1	7.3
Cigars	10.2	7.2
Pipes	10.3	7.3
Alcohol	7.2	7.5
"Binge" Alcohol Use ²	9.2	6.8
Heavy Alcohol Use ²	10.4	7.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Use of any tobacco product indicates using at least once cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any tobacco use in the past year does not include use of pipe tobacco.

² "Binge" Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. By "occasion" is meant at the same time or within a couple hours of each other. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also "Binge" Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.7A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Past Year or Past Month Users of Tobacco or Alcohol Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: 2001

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
PAST YEAR			
Any Tobacco ²	73,087	7,968	65,119
Cigarettes	60,846	7,402	53,444
Smokeless Tobacco	8,777	739	8,038
Cigars	21,515	2,173	19,342
Pipes	--	--	--
Alcohol	135,632	10,246	125,386
"Binge" Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
PAST MONTH			
Any Tobacco ²	62,915	7,112	55,803
Cigarettes	53,230	6,641	46,588
Smokeless Tobacco	6,814	486	6,329
Cigars	11,099	1,130	9,969
Pipes	2,177	224	1,952
Alcohol	104,953	7,516	97,437
"Binge" Alcohol Use ³	43,869	4,024	39,845
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	12,357	1,290	11,067

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Use of any tobacco product indicates using at least once cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any tobacco use in the past year does not include use of pipe tobacco.

³ "Binge" Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. By "occasion" is meant at the same time or within a couple hours of each other. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also "Binge" Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.7B Percentages of Past Year or Past Month Use of Tobacco or Alcohol Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: 2001

Drug	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
PAST YEAR			
Any Tobacco ²	36.2	53.9	34.8
Cigarettes	30.1	50.1	28.5
Smokeless Tobacco	4.3	5.0	4.3
Cigars	10.6	14.7	10.3
Pipes	--	--	--
Alcohol	67.1	69.3	67.0
"Binge" Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	--	--	--
PAST MONTH			
Any Tobacco ²	31.1	48.1	29.8
Cigarettes	26.3	44.9	24.9
Smokeless Tobacco	3.4	3.3	3.4
Cigars	5.5	7.6	5.3
Pipes	1.1	1.5	1.0
Alcohol	51.9	50.8	52.0
"Binge" Alcohol Use ³	21.7	27.2	21.3
Heavy Alcohol Use ³	6.1	8.7	5.9

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

-- Not available.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Use of any tobacco product indicates using at least once cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco. Any tobacco use in the past year does not include use of pipe tobacco.

³ "Binge" Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on at least 1 day in the past 30 days. By "occasion" is meant at the same time or within a couple hours of each other. Heavy Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion on each of 5 or more days in the past 30 days; all Heavy Alcohol Users are also "Binge" Alcohol Users.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.8A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	14,783	3,911	10,872
18	589	303	286
19	487	241	247
20	462	248	214
21	427	227	200
22	419	187	232
23	380	170	210
24	370	135	235
25	329	106	223
26-29	1,077	383	694
30-34	1,771	520	1,250
35-39	1,797	380	1,417
40-44	1,547	383	1,164
45-49	1,425	284	1,141
50-54	1,219	*	1,087
55-59	1,024	*	894
60-64	360	*	298
65 or Older	1,101	*	1,080

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.8B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	7.3	16.6	6.1
18	13.7	19.1	10.6
19	12.5	16.0	10.3
20	12.3	18.9	8.7
21	11.6	17.6	8.4
22	11.4	16.0	9.2
23	10.8	18.4	8.1
24	10.9	16.3	9.2
25	10.0	13.3	9.0
26-29	8.0	14.2	6.4
30-34	9.2	20.3	7.5
35-39	8.2	13.8	7.4
40-44	7.1	16.1	6.0
45-49	7.0	15.0	6.1
50-54	6.4	*	6.0
55-59	6.8	*	6.1
60-64	3.6	*	3.0
65 or Older	3.5	*	3.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.9A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14,783	3,911	10,872
AGE			
18-25	3,463	1,616	1,847
26-49	7,616	1,949	5,667
50 or Older	3,704	345	3,359
GENDER			
Male	5,446	1,717	3,729
Female	9,337	2,194	7,143
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	13,434	3,572	9,862
White Only	11,068	2,971	8,097
Black Only	1,668	398	1,270
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	142	*	88
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	42	*	28
Asian Only	310	62	248
More Than One Race	204	*	131
Hispanic	1,349	339	1,011
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	3,325	1,014	2,311
High School Graduate	4,922	1,302	3,620
Some College	4,059	1,006	3,053
College Graduate	2,478	590	1,888
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	6,859	1,928	4,931
Part-Time	2,232	760	1,472
Unemployed	705	304	401
Other ²	4,987	919	4,068

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.9B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.3	16.6	6.1
AGE			
18-25	11.7	17.2	9.2
26-49	7.9	15.9	6.7
50 or Older	4.9	19.0	4.6
GENDER			
Male	5.6	12.8	4.5
Female	8.8	21.8	7.5
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	7.4	16.8	6.2
White Only	7.5	16.7	6.2
Black Only	7.5	15.8	6.5
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	14.4	*	11.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	7.0	*	5.2
Asian Only	4.4	16.3	3.7
More Than One Race	13.5	*	11.2
Hispanic	6.4	15.2	5.3
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	9.7	23.3	7.7
High School Graduate	7.5	16.9	6.3
Some College	8.1	14.7	7.0
College Graduate	4.8	12.8	4.0
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	6.0	13.4	4.9
Part-Time	8.9	19.3	7.0
Unemployed	13.1	22.3	10.0
Other ²	8.7	23.9	7.6

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.10A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14,783	3,911	10,872
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	2,758	706	2,052
New England	729	174	555
Middle Atlantic	2,029	532	1,497
Midwest	3,335	973	2,362
East North Central	2,332	696	1,636
West North Central	1,003	277	725
South	5,450	1,367	4,083
South Atlantic	2,725	659	2,066
East South Central	1,073	224	849
West South Central	1,652	484	1,168
West	3,239	864	2,375
Mountain	915	217	698
Pacific	2,324	647	1,677
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	6,419	1,806	4,613
Small Metro	5,150	1,374	3,776
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	3,721	1,018	2,703
<250K Pop.	1,429	356	1,073
Nonmetro	3,213	730	2,483
Urbanized	856	213	643
Less Urbanized	1,975	427	1,547
Completely Rural	382	*	293

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.10B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Use and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG USE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.3	16.6	6.1
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	7.1	14.9	6.0
New England	7.2	11.4	6.4
Middle Atlantic	7.1	16.6	5.9
Midwest	7.2	19.0	5.7
East North Central	7.1	19.1	5.6
West North Central	7.3	18.9	5.9
South	7.6	18.2	6.4
South Atlantic	7.3	16.7	6.2
East South Central	8.7	18.5	7.6
West South Central	7.5	20.5	6.0
West	7.2	14.1	6.1
Mountain	7.3	14.1	6.3
Pacific	7.2	14.1	6.0
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	6.6	15.2	5.4
Small Metro	8.2	18.2	6.8
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	8.0	18.0	6.6
<250K Pop.	8.8	18.5	7.5
Nonmetro	7.7	18.0	6.6
Urbanized	7.1	14.7	6.0
Less Urbanized	7.8	19.1	6.7
Completely Rural	8.8	*	7.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.11A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Past Year Users of Any Illicit Drug Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	23,492	3,911	19,581
18	1,587	303	1,284
19	1,502	241	1,261
20	1,314	248	1,066
21	1,288	227	1,061
22	1,164	187	977
23	923	170	753
24	826	135	691
25	796	106	690
26-29	2,695	383	2,312
30-34	2,566	520	2,046
35-39	2,745	380	2,365
40-44	2,376	383	1,993
45-49	1,893	284	1,608
50-54	899	*	768
55-59	449	*	319
60-64	191	*	129
65 or Older	278	*	256

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.11B Percentages of Past Year Users of Any Illicit Drug Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	11.6	26.5	10.5
18	36.9	51.4	34.6
19	38.6	49.4	37.1
20	34.9	53.7	32.3
21	35.1	53.2	32.7
22	31.6	44.5	29.9
23	26.2	44.8	24.0
24	24.4	36.4	22.9
25	24.3	32.2	23.4
26-29	19.9	35.6	18.6
30-34	13.4	29.4	11.8
35-39	12.6	21.1	11.8
40-44	10.9	24.7	9.8
45-49	9.2	19.9	8.4
50-54	4.7	*	4.3
55-59	3.0	*	2.3
60-64	1.9	*	1.3
65 or Older	0.9	*	0.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.12A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Past Year Users of Any Illicit Drug Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	23,492	3,911	19,581
AGE			
18-25	9,400	1,616	7,784
26-49	12,275	1,949	10,325
50 or Older	1,817	345	1,472
GENDER			
Male	13,426	1,717	11,709
Female	10,065	2,194	7,872
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	21,265	3,572	17,693
White Only	17,782	2,971	14,811
Black Only	2,520	398	2,122
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	187	*	133
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	64	*	50
Asian Only	379	*	317
More Than One Race	334	*	261
Hispanic	2,226	339	1,888
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	4,344	1,014	3,330
High School Graduate	7,680	1,302	6,379
Some College	6,850	1,006	5,845
College Graduate	4,617	590	4,028
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	14,354	1,928	12,426
Part-Time	3,930	760	3,170
Unemployed	1,361	304	1,057
Other ²	3,847	919	2,928

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.12B Percentages of Past Year Users of Any Illicit Drug Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	11.6	26.5	10.5
AGE			
18-25	31.9	46.7	29.9
26-49	12.7	25.6	11.6
50 or Older	2.4	9.3	2.0
GENDER			
Male	13.9	31.5	12.9
Female	9.5	23.5	8.2
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	11.8	26.6	10.6
White Only	12.0	26.8	10.8
Black Only	11.4	23.9	10.4
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	18.9	*	15.8
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	10.7	*	9.0
Asian Only	5.3	*	4.7
More Than One Race	22.2	*	20.0
Hispanic	10.5	25.1	9.5
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	12.6	30.5	10.7
High School Graduate	11.7	26.4	10.5
Some College	13.7	24.8	12.7
College Graduate	8.9	23.8	8.2
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	12.5	28.1	11.5
Part-Time	15.7	34.0	13.9
Unemployed	25.4	43.1	22.7
Other ²	6.7	18.4	5.6

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.13A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Past Year Users of Any Illicit Drug Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	23,492	3,911	19,581
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	4,731	706	4,025
New England	1,533	174	1,359
Middle Atlantic	3,199	532	2,666
Midwest	5,112	973	4,139
East North Central	3,641	696	2,945
West North Central	1,471	277	1,194
South	7,525	1,367	6,158
South Atlantic	3,954	659	3,295
East South Central	1,212	224	987
West South Central	2,359	484	1,876
West	6,124	864	5,259
Mountain	1,536	217	1,319
Pacific	4,587	647	3,940
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	11,872	1,806	10,065
Small Metro	7,568	1,374	6,194
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	5,642	1,018	4,624
<250K Pop.	1,926	356	1,570
Nonmetro	4,052	730	3,322
Urbanized	1,446	213	1,233
Less Urbanized	2,238	427	1,811
Completely Rural	367	*	277

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.13B Percentages of Past Year Users of Any Illicit Drug Among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	11.6	26.5	10.5
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	12.2	25.6	11.2
New England	15.0	23.9	14.3
Middle Atlantic	11.2	26.2	10.0
Midwest	11.0	29.2	9.6
East North Central	11.1	29.8	9.7
West North Central	10.7	27.7	9.3
South	10.5	25.1	9.3
South Atlantic	10.6	24.2	9.5
East South Central	9.8	20.9	8.7
West South Central	10.8	29.3	9.2
West	13.6	26.7	12.6
Mountain	12.2	23.7	11.3
Pacific	14.1	27.9	13.1
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	12.2	28.1	11.0
Small Metro	12.1	26.7	10.8
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	12.1	27.4	10.8
<250K Pop.	11.9	24.9	10.6
Nonmetro	9.7	22.7	8.6
Urbanized	12.0	24.9	11.0
Less Urbanized	8.9	21.6	7.8
Completely Rural	8.5	*	7.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.14A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Dependence or Abuse for Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol: 2001

Drug	Total	DEPENDENCE ¹		DEPENDENCE/ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	14,783	1,028	13,755	1,356	13,427
Marijuana	14,783	513	14,270	741	14,042
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	14,783	607	14,176	824	13,959
Alcohol	14,783	1,379	13,404	2,323	12,460
Alcohol or Any Illicit Drug ²	14,783	2,033	12,749	2,994	11,789
Alcohol and Any Illicit Drug ²	14,783	374	14,409	684	14,098

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Dependence or abuse are based on the definitions found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.14B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Dependence or Abuse for Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol: 2001

Drug	Total	DEPENDENCE ¹		DEPENDENCE/ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No	Yes	No
Any Illicit Drug ²	7.3	33.5	6.9	30.1	6.8
Marijuana	7.3	32.1	7.1	28.2	7.0
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	7.3	36.2	7.1	34.8	7.0
Alcohol	7.3	27.6	6.8	19.1	6.6
Alcohol or Any Illicit Drug ²	7.3	27.9	6.5	20.3	6.3
Alcohol and Any Illicit Drug ²	7.3	49.2	7.2	35.1	7.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Dependence or abuse are based on the definitions found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.15A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Past Year Dependence or Abuse for Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: 2001

Dependence/Abuse	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse			
Any Illicit Drug ²	4,499	1,356	3,143
Marijuana	2,628	741	1,886
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	2,367	824	1,543
Alcohol	12,187	2,323	9,864
Alcohol or Any Illicit Drug ²	14,732	2,994	11,738
Alcohol and Any Illicit Drug ²	1,953	684	1,268
Past Year Substance Dependence			
Any Illicit Drug ²	3,068	1,028	2,040
Marijuana	1,599	513	1,086
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	1,675	607	1,068
Alcohol	4,993	1,379	3,613
Alcohol or Any Illicit Drug ²	7,300	2,033	5,267
Alcohol and Any Illicit Drug ²	760	374	386

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse are based on the definitions found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.15B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Past Year Dependence or Abuse for Any Illicit Drug or Alcohol, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness: 2001

Dependence/Abuse	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse			
Any Illicit Drug ²	2.2	9.2	1.7
Marijuana	1.3	5.0	1.0
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	1.2	5.6	0.8
Alcohol	6.0	15.7	5.3
Alcohol or Any Illicit Drug ²	7.3	20.3	6.3
Alcohol and Any Illicit Drug ²	1.0	4.6	0.7
Past Year Substance Dependence			
Any Illicit Drug ²	1.5	7.0	1.1
Marijuana	0.8	3.5	0.6
Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana ²	0.8	4.1	0.6
Alcohol	2.5	9.3	1.9
Alcohol or Any Illicit Drug ²	3.6	13.8	2.8
Alcohol and Any Illicit Drug ²	0.4	2.5	0.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse are based on the definitions found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically. Any Illicit Drug Other Than Marijuana includes cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.16A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ^{1,2}	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14,783	1,356	13,427
18-25	3,463	632	2,831
26-49	7,616	627	6,989
50 or Older	3,704	*	3,607
MALE	5,446	746	4,700
18-25	1,460	328	1,132
26-49	2,590	368	2,223
50 or Older	1,395	*	1,346
FEMALE	9,337	610	8,727
18-25	2,003	304	1,699
26-49	5,026	259	4,766
50 or Older	2,308	*	2,261

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.16B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	ANY ILLICIT DRUG DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ^{1,2}	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.3	30.1	6.8
18-25	11.7	30.0	10.3
26-49	7.9	29.3	7.4
50 or Older	4.9	*	4.8
MALE	5.6	24.8	5.0
18-25	10.0	23.9	8.5
26-49	5.5	25.0	4.8
50 or Older	4.0	*	3.9
FEMALE	8.8	40.8	8.4
18-25	13.5	41.5	12.0
26-49	10.1	38.7	9.8
50 or Older	5.6	*	5.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

² Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.17A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4,499	1,356	3,143
18-25	2,107	632	1,475
26-49	2,143	627	1,516
50 or Older	248	97	151
MALE	3,003	746	2,257
18-25	1,376	328	1,047
26-49	1,472	368	1,104
50 or Older	155	50	105
FEMALE	1,496	610	886
18-25	732	304	428
26-49	671	259	412
50 or Older	93	*	46

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.17B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Any Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	2.2	9.2	1.7
18-25	7.1	18.2	5.7
26-49	2.2	8.2	1.7
50 or Older	0.3	2.6	0.2
MALE	3.1	13.7	2.5
18-25	9.4	22.5	7.9
26-49	3.1	14.2	2.5
50 or Older	0.4	3.6	0.3
FEMALE	1.4	6.5	0.9
18-25	4.9	15.2	3.3
26-49	1.4	5.2	0.9
50 or Older	0.2	*	0.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Any Illicit Drug includes marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or any prescription-type psychotherapeutic used nonmedically.
 NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.18A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Alcohol Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14,783	2,323	12,460
18-25	3,463	907	2,556
26-49	7,616	1,234	6,382
50 or Older	3,704	181	3,522
MALE	5,446	1,206	4,240
18-25	1,460	502	958
26-49	2,590	573	2,017
50 or Older	1,395	131	1,265
FEMALE	9,337	1,116	8,220
18-25	2,003	405	1,598
26-49	5,026	661	4,365
50 or Older	2,308	*	2,258

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.18B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Past Year Alcohol Dependence or Abuse, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE OR ABUSE ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.3	19.1	6.6
18-25	11.7	20.9	10.2
26-49	7.9	19.9	7.0
50 or Older	4.9	11.2	4.8
MALE	5.6	14.4	4.8
18-25	10.0	17.7	8.1
26-49	5.5	13.2	4.7
50 or Older	4.0	11.0	3.8
FEMALE	8.8	29.2	8.1
18-25	13.5	26.7	12.0
26-49	10.1	35.4	9.2
50 or Older	5.6	*	5.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.19A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	12,187	2,323	9,864
18-25	4,351	907	3,444
26-49	6,211	1,234	4,977
50 or Older	1,624	181	1,443
MALE	8,368	1,206	7,162
18-25	2,834	502	2,331
26-49	4,345	573	3,772
50 or Older	1,189	131	1,059
FEMALE	3,818	1,116	2,702
18-25	1,518	405	1,113
26-49	1,866	661	1,205
50 or Older	435	51	384

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.19B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Alcohol Dependence or Abuse in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness, Gender, and Age Group: 2001

Gender/Age	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	6.0	15.7	5.3
18-25	14.8	26.2	13.2
26-49	6.4	16.2	5.6
50 or Older	2.1	4.9	2.0
MALE	8.7	22.2	7.9
18-25	19.3	34.4	17.7
26-49	9.2	22.1	8.4
50 or Older	3.4	9.4	3.2
FEMALE	3.6	12.0	2.8
18-25	10.2	20.2	8.7
26-49	3.8	13.1	2.7
50 or Older	1.1	2.2	1.0

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Dependence or abuse is based on the definition found in the 4th ed. of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.20A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	14,750	6,905	7,845
18	583	177	406
19	487	164	323
20	460	137	323
21	427	152	275
22	419	147	272
23	380	125	254
24	370	124	246
25	326	105	221
26-29	1,077	420	656
30-34	1,771	808	963
35-39	1,783	973	809
40-44	1,547	728	819
45-49	1,425	874	551
50-54	1,219	644	575
55-59	1,024	657	367
60-64	360	*	134
65 or Older	1,095	445	650

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.20B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	7.3	30.9	4.4
18	13.7	40.7	10.6
19	12.6	43.3	9.2
20	12.3	38.2	9.5
21	11.7	42.8	8.4
22	11.4	41.2	8.2
23	10.8	40.4	7.9
24	11.0	37.4	8.1
25	10.0	33.1	7.5
26-29	8.0	33.4	5.4
30-34	9.3	36.9	5.7
35-39	8.2	38.7	4.2
40-44	7.1	26.0	4.3
45-49	7.0	29.4	3.2
50-54	6.4	28.4	3.4
55-59	6.8	31.0	2.8
60-64	3.6	*	1.5
65 or Older	3.5	18.6	2.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.21A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14,750	6,905	7,845
AGE			
18-25	3,451	1,130	2,321
26-49	7,602	3,803	3,799
50 or Older	3,698	1,972	1,725
GENDER			
Male	5,421	2,081	3,339
Female	9,330	4,824	4,506
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	13,405	6,547	6,858
White Only	11,042	5,671	5,371
Black Only	1,665	640	1,025
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	142	*	64
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	42	*	32
Asian Only	310	*	254
More Than One Race	203	*	112
Hispanic	1,346	358	987
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	3,316	1,322	1,994
High School Graduate	4,904	2,310	2,594
Some College	4,053	1,888	2,165
College Graduate	2,478	1,385	1,093
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	6,850	2,741	4,109
Part-Time	2,221	1,059	1,162
Unemployed	702	282	420
Other ²	4,977	2,823	2,154

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.21B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.3	30.9	4.4
AGE			
18-25	11.8	39.8	8.8
26-49	7.9	32.4	4.5
50 or Older	4.9	25.4	2.6
GENDER			
Male	5.6	26.4	3.8
Female	8.9	33.4	5.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	7.4	31.2	4.3
White Only	7.5	30.8	4.1
Black Only	7.6	34.2	5.1
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	14.4	*	7.5
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	7.1	*	5.5
Asian Only	4.4	*	3.8
More Than One Race	13.6	*	9.0
Hispanic	6.4	26.8	5.0
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	9.7	36.1	6.5
High School Graduate	7.5	33.4	4.4
Some College	8.1	32.3	4.9
College Graduate	4.8	23.5	2.4
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	6.0	25.4	4.0
Part-Time	8.9	35.1	5.3
Unemployed	13.1	38.2	9.1
Other ²	8.8	36.2	4.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.22A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	14,750	6,905	7,845
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	2,757	1,177	1,580
New England	729	339	390
Middle Atlantic	2,027	838	1,190
Midwest	3,319	1,649	1,670
East North Central	2,323	1,159	1,164
West North Central	997	490	507
South	5,444	2,567	2,876
South Atlantic	2,723	1,269	1,454
East South Central	1,073	511	562
West South Central	1,647	788	860
West	3,230	1,512	1,718
Mountain	915	427	488
Pacific	2,315	1,085	1,231
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	6,413	2,889	3,523
Small Metro	5,132	2,470	2,662
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	3,710	1,744	1,966
<250K Pop.	1,423	726	697
Nonmetro	3,205	1,545	1,660
Urbanized	856	383	473
Less Urbanized	1,973	991	982
Completely Rural	376	*	204

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.22B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older With Past Year Serious Mental Illness, by Receipt of Past Year Mental Health Treatment/Counseling and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT/COUNSELING ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	7.3	30.9	4.4
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	7.1	27.2	4.6
New England	7.2	22.5	4.5
Middle Atlantic	7.1	29.6	4.6
Midwest	7.2	30.9	4.1
East North Central	7.1	31.0	4.0
West North Central	7.2	30.8	4.2
South	7.6	33.2	4.5
South Atlantic	7.3	31.0	4.4
East South Central	8.7	34.7	5.2
West South Central	7.5	36.6	4.4
West	7.2	30.6	4.3
Mountain	7.3	29.9	4.4
Pacific	7.2	30.9	4.3
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	6.6	28.5	4.1
Small Metro	8.2	33.0	4.8
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	8.0	31.7	4.8
<250K Pop.	8.8	36.7	4.9
Nonmetro	7.7	32.8	4.5
Urbanized	7.1	28.3	4.5
Less Urbanized	7.9	34.9	4.4
Completely Rural	8.7	*	5.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

¹ Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.23A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Receiving Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	22,330	6,905	15,425
18	434	177	258
19	378	164	214
20	357	137	221
21	354	152	202
22	356	147	209
23	310	125	185
24	331	124	207
25	318	105	213
26-29	1,260	420	840
30-34	2,190	808	1,383
35-39	2,514	973	1,541
40-44	2,794	728	2,066
45-49	2,975	874	2,101
50-54	2,264	*	1,620
55-59	2,118	*	1,461
60-64	984	*	758
65 or Older	2,392	*	1,947

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.23B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Receiving Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	11.1	46.8	8.3
18	10.2	30.3	7.0
19	9.8	33.6	6.3
20	9.5	29.7	6.7
21	9.7	35.5	6.3
22	9.7	35.0	6.5
23	8.8	33.0	5.9
24	9.8	33.5	6.9
25	9.7	32.3	7.2
26-29	9.3	39.0	6.8
30-34	11.5	45.6	8.0
35-39	11.6	54.6	7.7
40-44	12.8	47.0	10.2
45-49	14.5	61.3	11.0
50-54	11.9	*	9.1
55-59	14.1	*	10.4
60-64	9.8	*	7.8
65 or Older	7.7	*	6.5

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.24A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Receiving Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	22,330	6,905	15,425
AGE			
18-25	2,839	1,130	1,709
26-49	11,733	3,803	7,930
50 or Older	7,758	1,972	5,786
GENDER			
Male	7,872	2,081	5,790
Female	14,459	4,824	9,635
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	20,995	6,547	14,449
White Only	18,425	5,671	12,754
Black Only	1,870	640	1,229
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	140	*	62
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*
Asian Only	291	*	235
More Than One Race	250	*	159
Hispanic	1,335	358	977
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	3,663	1,322	2,341
High School Graduate	6,924	2,310	4,614
Some College	5,844	1,888	3,956
College Graduate	5,899	1,385	4,514
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	10,774	2,741	8,033
Part-Time	3,018	1,059	1,958
Unemployed	738	282	456
Other ²	7,800	2,823	4,977

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.24B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Receiving Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	11.1	46.8	8.3
AGE			
18-25	9.7	32.7	6.6
26-49	12.2	50.0	8.9
50 or Older	10.3	53.3	8.1
GENDER			
Male	8.2	38.4	6.4
Female	13.8	51.7	10.1
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	11.7	48.8	8.7
White Only	12.5	51.4	9.3
Black Only	8.5	38.4	6.1
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	14.2	*	7.3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*
Asian Only	4.1	*	3.5
More Than One Race	16.7	*	12.3
Hispanic	6.3	26.6	4.9
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	10.7	39.9	7.6
High School Graduate	10.6	47.1	7.6
Some College	11.7	46.6	8.6
College Graduate	11.4	55.9	9.2
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	9.4	40.0	7.5
Part-Time	12.1	47.7	8.6
Unemployed	13.8	40.2	9.8
Other ²	13.8	56.7	9.6

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.25A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Receiving Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	22,330	6,905	15,425
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	4,333	1,177	3,156
New England	1,504	339	1,165
Middle Atlantic	2,829	838	1,992
Midwest	5,334	1,649	3,685
East North Central	3,744	1,159	2,585
West North Central	1,590	490	1,100
South	7,725	2,567	5,157
South Atlantic	4,098	1,269	2,830
East South Central	1,472	511	961
West South Central	2,154	788	1,367
West	4,939	1,512	3,427
Mountain	1,429	427	1,002
Pacific	3,510	1,085	2,425
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	10,139	2,889	7,249
Small Metro	7,485	2,470	5,015
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	5,507	1,744	3,763
<250K Pop.	1,978	726	1,252
Nonmetro	4,707	1,545	3,161
Urbanized	1,350	383	968
Less Urbanized	2,842	991	1,851
Completely Rural	514	*	342

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.25B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Receiving Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	11.1	46.8	8.3
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	11.2	42.7	8.8
New England	14.8	46.5	12.3
Middle Atlantic	9.9	41.3	7.5
Midwest	11.5	49.7	8.6
East North Central	11.5	49.9	8.5
West North Central	11.6	49.2	8.6
South	10.8	47.2	7.8
South Atlantic	11.0	46.6	8.2
East South Central	12.0	47.6	8.6
West South Central	9.9	47.8	6.8
West	11.0	46.8	8.2
Mountain	11.4	46.7	8.6
Pacific	10.9	46.9	8.1
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	10.4	45.1	8.0
Small Metro	12.0	48.1	8.7
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	11.9	47.0	8.8
<250K Pop.	12.3	51.0	8.5
Nonmetro	11.4	48.2	8.3
Urbanized	11.3	44.7	8.7
Less Urbanized	11.3	50.2	8.0
Completely Rural	11.9	*	8.7

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.26A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Unmet Need for Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	8,398	3,936	4,462
18	266	146	121
19	282	164	118
20	266	132	134
21	268	146	123
22	223	109	114
23	278	135	143
24	238	108	130
25	207	112	96
26-29	635	280	355
30-34	1,095	564	531
35-39	1,309	571	739
40-44	984	398	586
45-49	941	427	514
50-54	516	*	279
55-59	598	*	338
60-64	89	*	41
65 or Older	200	*	101

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.26B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Unmet Need for Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	4.2	26.7	2.4
18	6.3	25.0	3.3
19	7.3	33.8	3.5
20	7.1	28.6	4.1
21	7.4	34.2	3.8
22	6.1	26.3	3.5
23	7.9	35.7	4.6
24	7.1	29.3	4.3
25	6.4	33.9	3.3
26-29	4.7	26.0	2.9
30-34	5.7	31.9	3.1
35-39	6.0	32.0	3.7
40-44	4.5	25.7	2.9
45-49	4.6	30.0	2.7
50-54	2.7	*	1.6
55-59	4.0	*	2.4
60-64	0.9	*	0.4
65 or Older	0.6	*	0.3

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing unmet need data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.27A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Unmet Need for Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	8,398	3,936	4,462
AGE			
18-25	2,031	1,052	978
26-49	4,964	2,239	2,725
50 or Older	1,403	644	759
GENDER			
Male	2,664	1,108	1,556
Female	5,734	2,828	2,906
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	7,744	3,646	4,098
White Only	6,600	3,094	3,506
Black Only	749	333	416
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	133	*	32
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*
Asian Only	120	*	63
More Than One Race	134	*	81
Hispanic	654	290	364
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	1,383	774	609
High School Graduate	2,520	1,185	1,336
Some College	2,585	1,299	1,287
College Graduate	1,909	679	1,230
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	4,507	1,843	2,664
Part-Time	1,454	680	775
Unemployed	393	210	184
Other ²	2,043	1,204	839

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.27B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Unmet Need for Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4.2	26.7	2.4
AGE			
18-25	6.9	30.5	3.8
26-49	5.1	29.5	3.1
50 or Older	1.9	17.6	1.1
GENDER			
Male	2.8	20.4	1.7
Female	5.5	30.5	3.0
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	4.3	27.3	2.5
White Only	4.5	28.1	2.6
Black Only	3.4	20.0	2.0
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	13.5	*	3.8
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*
Asian Only	1.7	*	1.0
More Than One Race	9.0	*	6.3
Hispanic	3.1	21.5	1.8
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	4.0	23.4	2.0
High School Graduate	3.9	24.1	2.2
Some College	5.2	32.4	2.8
College Graduate	3.7	27.4	2.5
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	3.9	26.9	2.5
Part-Time	5.8	30.6	3.4
Unemployed	7.4	31.6	4.0
Other ²	3.6	24.1	1.6

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing unmet need data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.28A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Unmet Need for Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	8,398	3,936	4,462
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	1,493	744	748
New England	512	255	258
Middle Atlantic	980	490	491
Midwest	1,690	696	994
East North Central	1,157	470	687
West North Central	533	226	307
South	3,114	1,497	1,618
South Atlantic	1,533	733	800
East South Central	517	291	226
West South Central	1,065	472	593
West	2,100	999	1,101
Mountain	637	282	355
Pacific	1,463	717	746
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	4,019	1,697	2,322
Small Metro	2,856	1,478	1,378
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	2,017	1,044	973
<250K Pop.	839	434	405
Nonmetro	1,522	761	761
Urbanized	511	228	283
Less Urbanized	845	453	392
Completely Rural	167	*	86

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.28B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Reporting Unmet Need for Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4.2	26.7	2.4
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	3.9	27.1	2.1
New England	5.0	35.1	2.7
Middle Atlantic	3.4	24.2	1.9
Midwest	3.6	20.9	2.3
East North Central	3.6	20.2	2.3
West North Central	3.9	22.6	2.4
South	4.4	27.5	2.5
South Atlantic	4.1	26.9	2.3
East South Central	4.2	27.1	2.0
West South Central	4.9	28.7	2.9
West	4.7	31.3	2.7
Mountain	5.1	30.9	3.1
Pacific	4.6	31.4	2.5
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	4.1	26.6	2.6
Small Metro	4.6	28.8	2.4
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	4.3	28.1	2.3
<250K Pop.	5.2	30.5	2.8
Nonmetro	3.7	23.7	2.0
Urbanized	4.3	26.6	2.5
Less Urbanized	3.4	23.0	1.7
Completely Rural	3.8	*	2.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing unmet need data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.29A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Did Not Receive Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	4,376	1,613	2,763
18	167	77	90
19	135	59	75
20	160	60	100
21	172	82	90
22	131	52	79
23	164	64	100
24	162	66	96
25	122	64	58
26-29	368	131	236
30-34	601	249	352
35-39	729	225	504
40-44	553	202	351
45-49	367	104	263
50-54	224	*	167
55-59	175	*	117
60-64	46	*	19
65 or Older	100	*	65

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.29B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Did Not Receive Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	2.2	11.0	1.5
18	3.9	13.3	2.4
19	3.5	12.2	2.2
20	4.3	13.0	3.1
21	4.7	19.2	2.8
22	3.6	12.5	2.5
23	4.7	16.9	3.2
24	4.8	17.8	3.2
25	3.7	19.7	2.0
26-29	2.7	12.2	1.9
30-34	3.1	14.1	2.0
35-39	3.4	12.7	2.5
40-44	2.5	13.1	1.7
45-49	1.8	7.3	1.4
50-54	1.2	*	0.9
55-59	1.2	*	0.8
60-64	0.5	*	0.2
65 or Older	0.3	*	0.2

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.30A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Did Not Receive Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4,376	1,613	2,763
AGE			
18-25	1,213	525	689
26-49	2,617	911	1,706
50 or Older	545	177	368
GENDER			
Male	1,532	545	987
Female	2,843	1,068	1,776
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	3,998	1,461	2,537
White Only	3,384	1,189	2,195
Black Only	374	144	230
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	52	*	9
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*
Asian Only	97	*	46
More Than One Race	82	*	*
Hispanic	378	152	226
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	638	307	331
High School Graduate	1,298	524	774
Some College	1,373	538	835
College Graduate	1,066	243	823
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	2,571	862	1,709
Part-Time	829	346	483
Unemployed	234	93	140
Other ²	742	311	431

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.30B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Did Not Receive Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	2.2	11.0	1.5
AGE			
18-25	4.1	15.2	2.7
26-49	2.7	12.0	1.9
50 or Older	0.7	4.8	0.5
GENDER			
Male	1.6	10.1	1.1
Female	2.7	11.5	1.9
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	2.2	10.9	1.5
White Only	2.3	10.8	1.6
Black Only	1.7	8.7	1.1
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	5.3	*	1.1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	*	*	*
Asian Only	1.4	*	0.7
More Than One Race	5.5	*	*
Hispanic	1.8	11.3	1.1
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	1.9	9.3	1.1
High School Graduate	2.0	10.7	1.3
Some College	2.7	13.4	1.8
College Graduate	2.1	9.8	1.7
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	2.3	12.6	1.6
Part-Time	3.3	15.6	2.1
Unemployed	4.4	14.1	3.0
Other ²	1.3	6.3	0.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.31A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Did Not Receive Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4,376	1,613	2,763
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	740	341	400
New England	233	101	132
Middle Atlantic	507	240	267
Midwest	881	277	605
East North Central	605	186	419
West North Central	276	91	186
South	1,570	595	975
South Atlantic	776	291	484
East South Central	207	103	104
West South Central	587	201	386
West	1,185	400	784
Mountain	373	110	262
Pacific	812	290	522
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	2,235	701	1,534
Small Metro	1,463	624	839
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	999	419	580
<250K Pop.	463	205	259
Nonmetro	678	288	390
Urbanized	249	75	174
Less Urbanized	386	200	186
Completely Rural	43	13	30

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.31B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Did Not Receive Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	2.2	11.0	1.5
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	1.9	12.4	1.1
New England	2.3	13.9	1.4
Middle Atlantic	1.8	11.8	1.0
Midwest	1.9	8.3	1.4
East North Central	1.9	8.0	1.4
West North Central	2.0	9.1	1.5
South	2.2	10.9	1.5
South Atlantic	2.1	10.7	1.4
East South Central	1.7	9.6	0.9
West South Central	2.7	12.2	1.9
West	2.7	12.5	1.9
Mountain	3.0	12.1	2.3
Pacific	2.5	12.7	1.8
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	2.3	11.0	1.7
Small Metro	2.3	12.2	1.5
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	2.2	11.3	1.4
<250K Pop.	2.9	14.4	1.8
Nonmetro	1.6	9.0	1.0
Urbanized	2.1	8.8	1.6
Less Urbanized	1.5	10.1	0.8
Completely Rural	1.0	3.6	0.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.32A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	4,021	2,323	1,697
18	99	68	31
19	147	105	42
20	106	72	34
21	96	64	33
22	92	57	35
23	114	71	43
24	76	42	33
25	85	48	38
26-29	267	148	119
30-34	494	315	179
35-39	581	345	235
40-44	430	196	235
45-49	575	324	251
50-54	292	*	112
55-59	423	*	221
60-64	43	*	22
65 or Older	100	*	36

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

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Table 8.32B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Detailed Age Categories: 2001

Age Category	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
Total 18 or Older	2.0	15.8	0.9
18	2.3	11.7	0.8
19	3.8	21.6	1.2
20	2.8	15.7	1.0
21	2.6	14.9	1.0
22	2.5	13.8	1.1
23	3.2	18.8	1.4
24	2.3	11.5	1.1
25	2.6	14.6	1.3
26-29	2.0	13.8	1.0
30-34	2.6	17.8	1.0
35-39	2.7	19.4	1.2
40-44	2.0	12.7	1.2
45-49	2.8	22.7	1.3
50-54	1.5	*	0.6
55-59	2.8	*	1.6
60-64	0.4	*	0.2
65 or Older	0.3	*	0.1

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.33A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4,021	2,323	1,697
AGE			
18-25	816	527	288
26-49	2,347	1,328	1,019
50 or Older	858	468	390
GENDER			
Male	1,131	563	569
Female	2,889	1,761	1,129
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	3,745	2,185	1,560
White Only	3,216	1,905	1,311
Black Only	373	188	185
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	81	*	23
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	*	*
Asian Only	23	6	17
More Than One Race	52	*	25
Hispanic	276	138	137
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	744	468	277
High School Graduate	1,222	661	561
Some College	1,212	760	452
College Graduate	843	435	408
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	1,935	981	954
Part-Time	625	333	292
Unemployed	160	*	43
Other ²	1,301	892	409

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.33B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Demographic Characteristics: 2001

Demographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	2.0	15.8	0.9
AGE			
18-25	2.8	15.3	1.1
26-49	2.4	17.5	1.1
50 or Older	1.1	12.8	0.5
GENDER			
Male	1.2	10.4	0.6
Female	2.8	19.0	1.2
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE			
Not Hispanic	2.1	16.4	0.9
White Only	2.2	17.3	1.0
Black Only	1.7	11.3	0.9
American Indian or Alaska Native Only	8.2	*	2.7
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.0	*	*
Asian Only	0.3	1.8	0.3
More Than One Race	3.5	*	1.9
Hispanic	1.3	10.3	0.7
ADULT EDUCATION			
< High School	2.2	14.1	0.9
High School Graduate	1.9	13.5	0.9
Some College	2.4	19.0	1.0
College Graduate	1.6	17.6	0.8
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT			
Full-Time	1.7	14.3	0.9
Part-Time	2.5	15.0	1.3
Unemployed	3.0	*	0.9
Other ²	2.3	17.9	0.8

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

² Retired, disabled, homemaker, student, or "other."

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.34A Estimated Numbers (in Thousands) of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	4,021	2,323	1,697
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	753	404	349
New England	279	154	125
Middle Atlantic	473	250	223
Midwest	808	420	388
East North Central	551	284	267
West North Central	257	135	121
South	1,545	901	643
South Atlantic	757	442	315
East South Central	310	188	121
West South Central	478	271	207
West	916	599	317
Mountain	265	172	93
Pacific	651	427	224
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	1,783	996	787
Small Metro	1,394	854	539
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	1,018	625	393
<250K Pop.	376	230	146
Nonmetro	844	473	371
Urbanized	261	153	108
Less Urbanized	459	254	206
Completely Rural	123	*	57

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.

Table 8.34B Percentages of Persons Aged 18 or Older Who Received Mental Health Treatment/Counseling in the Past Year and Reported an Unmet Need for Treatment, by Past Year Serious Mental Illness and Geographic Characteristics: 2001

Geographic Characteristic	Total	SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS ¹	
		Yes	No
TOTAL	2.0	15.8	0.9
GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION			
Northeast	1.9	14.7	1.0
New England	2.8	21.2	1.3
Middle Atlantic	1.7	12.3	0.8
Midwest	1.7	12.7	0.9
East North Central	1.7	12.3	0.9
West North Central	1.9	13.6	1.0
South	2.2	16.6	1.0
South Atlantic	2.0	16.2	0.9
East South Central	2.5	17.5	1.1
West South Central	2.2	16.5	1.0
West	2.1	18.7	0.8
Mountain	2.1	18.8	0.8
Pacific	2.0	18.7	0.8
COUNTY TYPE			
Large Metro	1.8	15.6	0.9
Small Metro	2.2	16.7	0.9
250K - 1 Mil. Pop.	2.2	16.8	0.9
<250K Pop.	2.3	16.2	1.0
Nonmetro	2.0	14.8	1.0
Urbanized	2.2	17.8	1.0
Less Urbanized	1.8	12.9	0.9
Completely Rural	2.9	*	1.4

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Mental health treatment/counseling is defined as having received inpatient care, outpatient care, or using prescription medication for problems with emotions, nerves, or mental health. Respondents were not to include treatment for alcohol or drug use. Unmet need for mental health treatment/counseling is defined as a perceived need for treatment that was not received. Respondents with missing treatment/counseling data are excluded.

¹ Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder that met the DSM-IV criteria and resulted in functional impairment that substantially interfered with or limited one or more major life activities. See Section B.5 of Appendix B.

Source: SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 2001.